THE No. 204.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, *March* 22, 1749.

From the REMEMBRANCER, *October* 15, 1748.

EVERY Body knows, there are two Kinds of Policy; one *national*, which is the Result of Wisdom and public Spirit: the other *selfish*, which proceeds from Craft and Dishonesty: Each is known by it's Fruits: When the former presides at the Helm, the Steerage is steady; and whether the whole Crew is in the Secret of the Voyage or not, they find themselves in the very Port they wish'd for, at the End of it: But when the latter is preferred to that high Trust, no Reckoning is kept, no regular Course is pursued; the Ship is sometimes covered with Sail, when Winds and Currents are both against her; sometimes rotting at Anchor, when both are in her Favour; and at last, when she is sinking, it appears the *Pilot* had all along acted the Part of a *Smuggler*; and that, under the Pretence of trafficking for his Owners, he had thought only of making a Purse for himself.

If I might be allowed to carry this Allegory any farther, I would proceed to say, our national Bark is now entering into Port, after a long, expensive, turbulent, and dangerous Voyage; and it may not only be proper, but necessary, upon her Arrival, to enquire of what Kind her Voyage has been; how it has been conducted; the Profit or Loss upon the Adventure; in what Condition the Bottom, Rigging, Stores, *&c.* remain: And if all should be found rotten and ruinous alike, what Measures were fit to be taken to save the Vessel from sinking in the Harbour.

While the Tempest was yet raging, and the Breakers were in Sight, the Cry of those at Helm has ever been against such Enquiries, for fear they should divide and distract the Crew, and such like Pretences: But when the Sky is clear, and the Sea at rest, no such Pretences can be made: And we have moreover been told in *Print*, by their *own* Direction, 'That 'whenever they are call'd upon to explain and justify their 'Conduct, they will do it from better *Motives*, and upon *Heads* 'of *Accusation* more *credibly attested*, than *any* which have been 'suggested against them;' which must either mean (for it must be observed, these Expressions are very ambiguous) that there were yet *other Heads* of *Accusation* behind, or that they were furnish'd with Matter to turn Accusers themselves.

Taking this Passage therefore in the latter Sense, as perhaps in Strictness we ought, it appears, that we have here an Instance of the *selfish Policy* mentioned above: If accused themselves, they will accuse others: If not, they will smile the Charge, and the Nation shall be left without Remedy.

But if the Nation has been thus notoriously injured, and the Injury can be proved by such incontestible Evidence, we have a Right to call upon *them* for it; And if they are so well able to *explain* and *justify* their *own* Conduct, it is every Way their Interest, as well as their Duty, to promote an Inquest, which, according to their Assertions, would redound so much to their Honour, and to the Confusion of their Enemies.

There is, in plain Terms, something at once so mysterious and so tragical in our Case, that neither can we excuse ourselves for not demanding a full Discussion of it, nor our R——s assign a plausible Reason for not assisting us in it with all the remaining Vigour of the Constitution.

The Nation, at first, had but one foreign Point in View, which was the bringing the Court of *Spain* to Reason; and by the undeniable Evidence of Lord *A——n*'s Book, it is now apparent, that what they asked, one vigorous Effort would have put them in Possession of. But those in the Direction, who had been forced into the War against their Will, were resolved not to run the Risque of being reproached with the good Success of a Measure they had opposed; and rather chose to make their Court elsewhere, by fishing in the troubled Waters of the Continent. For even during the last Session of the last Parliament but one, a Resolution had not only been taken *to oblige* his *P——n* Majesty to *withdraw his Troops from* Silesia *by Force of Arms*, in case neither *amicable Representations*; nor *Menaces*, succeeded; but in order thereto, 12000 *Danes* and *Hessians* were taken into present Pay, and the famous Project of dividing the *P——n Bear skin* was form'd. Yet no sooner was it known, that a Camp was to be mark'd out at *Magdeburg*, that *France* had spirited up the *Swedes* against the *Russians*, had formed a Party among the *German* Princes, and was on the Point of throwing away the Scabbard, than the Tide turned again: The most pressing Instances were made at the Court of *Vienna* to accommodate Matters with *P——*. It was urged, that the precipitating his ******* into a War, would be a Violence to his *Judgment*, and to *the manifest Peril of every Thing that could be most valuable to him*. The Quarrel was called a *fatal* one. It was foretold, that without the King of *P——a*'s Concurrence, the War would be as *ruinous* as before it was *hopeless* and *unnatural*. A Neutrality for ******* was admitted. A *Spanish* Fleet passed by *Gibraltar*, in Sight of a Squadron which had lain there *in terrorem*, long before the Commencement of the War, without Interruption; our own Land Army (which had been very considerably augmented, and out of which a large Detachment had been encamped in the Neighbourhood of *Colchester*) wasted the Summer, as before, in Idleness; and though the *Prussians* over ran *Silesia*; tho' the *French*, *Bavarians*, and *Saxons*, conjunctively fell into *Bohemia*, took *Prague* by Storm, and struck such a Panic into *Vienna* itself, that the Queen of *Hungary* thought it her safest Way to take Refuge in *Hungary*; and though she had been promised from hence *more* than the *limitted Succour* she had a Right to claim on the Faith of Treaties, even the *Danes* and *Russians* were detained at *H——*, and we left her and her Cause intirely in the Hands of Providence.

This was, in general, the State of Things when the new Parliament met; and no sooner was the great *Removes* made at Court, in consequence of it, than our C——b—— Councils underwent a new Revolution. The Cause of the Queen of *Hungary* began now to be the Cause of the Nation; and tho' the Imperial Crown, even with our own Consent, had been transferred from the *Austrian* to the *Bavarian* Family; tho' her Majesty of *H——* laboured under the same *Infatuation*, with respect to the King of *P——*, as she had been charged with the Year before; and though the *Dutch* refused to give the least Countenance to our Enterprizes; nothing now would serve us, but such a Parade on the Continent, as drew us unwittingly into this War; as furnish'd the *French* with an Excuse to quit the Empire, and remove the Seat of War into the *Netherlands*.

Not to attempt what is equally as impossible, as our Attempt on the Continent, namely, to enumerate all our Mistakes and Inconsistencies in the Progress of that Affair; we not only proceeded with the War when we might have had Peace, but entered into such farther Measures, as gave Fire to a new Train, and produced a new Scene of Destruction; and when another Change at C——t seemed to bespeak another Change of Measures, we continued to tread in the same Track, and to repeat the same Experiment, as before.

Indeed we have been assured in Print, that this Proceeding of the *Co—tion* was no better than a Feint, and that while they annually exhausted the Country, by such Levies as no other Country in the World could or would have submitted to, they purposely *starved the Cause* they affected to support. And we have actually seen, that when the Imperial Seat was once more removed to *Vienna*; when the *Constituency* of the *Dutch* Constitution was restored: when we had purchased the Assistance of *Russia*, which we had been so long promised; when our own Fleets had *Leave* to make the World sensible of our natural Importance, and both the Trade and naval Strength of *France* (which was all that *England*, as *England*, had to fear) were in a Manner

a Manner at our Mercy; a Peace has been accepted. And, for ought that yet appears, upon worse Terms than might have been obtained at the Close of the last Year.

Now it is utterly impossible, that, differing so widely in their Conduct, our Guides should be always right; and whether their Errors and Miscarriages arose from a Defect of Judgment, or a Prostitution of Will, it is fit those Errors and Miscarriages should be pointed out, as a Piece of Justice to the present Age, and Matter of Warning to the next.

We were taught, in the Beginning of this Contest, that the *Ballance of Power*, and the Liberty of *Europe*, depended on preserving the *Austrian* Inheritance *entire*: And yet our M— ts have not only connived at the Separation of *Silesia*, but in order to bring the said Contest to an Issue, have torn away yet other Provinces; which have been also thrown into the very Scale which had been found so much too heavy before. The Resentment of that haughty House on such Occasions, is too well known to need Explanation. That, in Days to come, it may operate disagreeable, in *Germany* at least, is much to be feared. And lest we should then be drawn in to act the same desperate Part in Behalf of *P*———, as we have just done in Behalf of *A*———, all imaginable Precautions should be taken; for though, like the Islanders of old to *Themistocles*, we may justly plead *Poverty* and *Impossibility*; M———s may affect to be incredulous, and if *Persuasion* fail, may venture to employ that *other* Goddess, which the *Athenians*, just quoted, thought fit to make the Companion of the former.

BERLIN, October 12.

YEsterday count Choteck had his first private audience of the king, as minister plenipotentiary from the empress queen. When the count delivered his credential letters to his majesty, he made a speech, in which he assured him, how sincerely the empress queen desired to take advantage of the re-establishment of the peace, to strengthen, as much as possible, the good understanding between the two courts. The king answer'd it in the most gracious terms, testifying how great a satisfaction it would be to him, to embrace every opportunity to shew dispositions equal to those of the empress queen.

From the Paris Alamain, October 21.

The news relating to the national council of bishops in France, with respect to the *Constitutio Unigenitus*, seems to be confirmed: And we are assured, that notwithstanding the Pope will, on that occasion, send a Legate with his letter; yet it is imagined, that there will be warm debates about that assembly.

According to diverse certain advices, the payment of the imposts and contributions in Flanders and Savoy being peremptorily insisted on, 'tis generally thought that the evacuation and restitution of the conquer'd places will be soon made.

His majesty being determined to reform a battalion in each of the following regiments of infantry; *viz.* Montboissier, Touraine, Guiss, and Montmorin, has issued out an order accordingly, whereby his majesty has reduced the four to three. And he hereby further orders, that the serjeants and soldiers of the fourth shall be incorporated among the three first, 'til their corps be compleat: And as to the supernumerary men, they are to be formed into distinct parties, according to the respective provinces to which they shall be appointed to march, and be allowed proper provisions; besides an uniform, hat, and three livres in money, in order to defray their expences on the road.

LONDON.

November 3. As the Corsicans are very quiet, since the publication of the armistice, there is no talk at Genoa of sending more troops thither at present: But the letters from the city inform us, that as the late behaviour of the Corsicans has made their masters for ever suspicious of their conduct, it is thought they will again grow turbulent, if they can see means to do it with impunity: To prevent which, it has been resolved, as soon as advice comes that the peace is actually concluded, that the greatest part of the troops, which the republic may determine to keep on foot, will be quartered in that island.

The corsairs of Barbary have not only taken many prizes, but have also committed great depredations on the coast of Italy, Sardinia, and Corsica. They have likewise taken the liberty of searching several barks, and other small vessels, carrying the French flag, of which complaint has been made to the duke de Richlieu at Genoa, and to marshal Belleisle. It is thought that a negotiation will be speedily set on foot among the Italian powers, for equipping a squadron capable of protecting the commerce, and perhaps revenging the insults so frequently offered them by the Infidels. Some say that a subsidy will be offered to the knights of Malta, in order to engage them to act in conjunction.

We learn from Schaffhausen, and other parts of Switzerland, that the bankruptcies which have lately happened at Marseilles and Lyons, have had dreadful effects upon some of the great trading cities of Italy; not only such as had actually dealings with those French brokers that fail'd, but upon others who were only supposed to have dealings with them. These letters likewise add, that it has thrown a great damp upon the Levant trade, which was beginning to revive, by rendering it impossible for those who are embarked in it to obtain so much as the usual credit, without which it is almost impossible to carry it on.

Our last letters from Rome speak of the Pope's earnest desire to see the Pretender's eldest son fixed in an abode to his liking; the Holy Father approves of Avignon, and has desired to know whether it will be agreeable to him, that he may expedite some orders, which will be necessary before he takes up his sojourn there.

The last letters from Paris say, that the king had certainly nominated the duke de Aumont to repair to London in quality of ambassador from France; the duke de Byron for his ambassador at the court of Vienna; the count d'Etrees at Madrid; the count de Hautefort to go as ambassador to Turin; and the president Ogier to reside in the same quality at the Hague.

Nov. 5. Last night an express arrived from Madrid, in seven days, with some dispatches of importance.

Nov. 7. The evacuation of places is begun in Dutch Flanders; and most of the French soldiers which are discharged enlist into the king of Prussia's service; many Prussian officers being assembled at Liege and the neighbouring towns for that purpose, who give them great encouragement.

Her Imperial Czarian majesty seems extremely well satisfied with the assurances that have been given her, that her troops shall have good quarters, during the winter, in the hereditary dominions of the empress queen of Hungary.

A French pamphlet, lately published, affirms, that the *restitution* of either G———r, or *M*———a, as they should *chuse*, was some time ago offered to the *Sp*——*d*, in case they would abandon *Fr*——, and make a *separate treaty*.

Whitehall, Nov. 5. This morning an account was received from Aix-la-Chapelle, that the plenipotentiaries of his Sardinian majesty had acceded on the 7th instant, N. S. to the definitive treaty of peace.

Edinburgh, October 10. Yesterday the court of Justiciary sat down, with a grand jury summoned from the three shires of Middle, East, and West Lothian, in order to judge of the sufficiency of the evidence that shall be brought before them, for finding bills of indictment against certain persons excepted out of the act of indemnity. Great numbers of evidences are arrived from all quarters, particularly from Perth, Angus, Kincardine, Aberdeen, and Banff shires.

There were present the lords Minto, Tinwald, and Drummore; ——lord Tinwald chosen preses.

His lordship made a most learned and elegant speech, suitable to the important occasion.

Then the jury retired to the exchequer chamber; and the judges, after swearing several evidences, sent them to the jury to be examined.

Five bills were yesterday found true against the following persons; *viz.* James Farquharson of Bilmurall, Archibald Menzies of Shien, Grigor M'Grigor, alias James Graham, of Glengyle, James Stirling of Craigbarnet, John Haldane of Lanerk.

Oct. 13. Last Tuesday the grand jury returned true bills against William Moir of Lonnlay, James Moir of Stonywood, Donald Smith, merchant in Aberdeen, Thomas Blair of Glaschune, Thomas Merter, merchant in Aberdeen.

Then the court adjourned to half an hour after four in the afternoon; and then the grand jury returned true bills against James Gordon of Cowbardie, Francis Gordon of Mill of Kincardine, John Gordon of Abachy, Arthur Gordon of Carnousie, and Collin Macconald of Barisdale.

Then the court adjourned 'til next day ten o'clock in the forenoon; when the grand jury returned true bills against William Drummond of Kallendar, Malcolm M'Leod of Rasa, Alexander Haldane of Lanerk, Thomas Ogilvie of Eastmiln, Sir William Dunbar of Durn, David Hunter of Burnside, Andrew Hay junior of Ranas, and George Gordon of Hallhead.

Then the court adjourned 'til half an hour after four o'clock in the afternoon; and then the grand jury returned true bills against

against George Robertson of Faskelly, James Robertson of Blairsetty, and David Tullock of Bogtoun.

And *ignoramus quoad* the three following persons, viz. Robert Stuart of Killyhattie, James Gordon of Glastirum, and John Turner the younger of Turner-hall.

BOSTON, *February* 20.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer of Distinction at Annapolis-Royal, to an Officer in Boston, dated Jan. 5, 1748-9.

"You may with certainty communicate to any of the news-writers in Boston, That there are arrived in this province three companies of the regular troops of the French of Canada, accompanied with Indians and militia to the number of 3 or 400 men, all in arms; which are conjectur'd to come here to assert their right to that part of the province they pretend to have conquer'd from the rout at Menis."

ANNAPOLIS.

Last Thursday was the Day appointed for electing Representatives in *Baltimore*, *Calvert*, and *St. Mary's*.

In *Baltimore* County, Major *Thomas Sheredine*, Dr. *George Buchanan*, Capt. *John Pace*, (three old Members,) and Capt. *Darby Lux* (in the room of Col. *John Hall*), were elected.

In *Calvert* County, Mr. *James John Mackall*, Capt. *James Hrighr*, Mr. *Benjamin Macball*, junior, and Mr. *Benson Bond*, were elected. The three last-named Gentlemen are new Members, in the room of, the much lamented Mr. *Walter Smith*, deceased, Mr. *John Brome*, deceased, and Mr. *Joseph Hall*.

From *St. Mary's* we have yet no certain Account.

On Thursday Night last a terrible Accident happened in *Baltimore Town*, at the House of Mr. *Greenbury Dorsey*; which in the dead Time of the Night took Fire, and burnt down to the Ground, with all the Furniture, and six Persons in it; viz. one Man, four Children, and a Negro Girl. Mr. *Dorsey* happened to be from home; and it was with great Difficulty that any Persons were saved: Mrs. *Dorsey*, who lay up Stairs, preserved herself and two Children, by first throwing one out of the Window, and afterwards jumping out herself with another in her Arms; tho' they are very much hurt. This melancholy Scene is supposed to be the Effect of the horrid Malice and diabolical Revenge of a Servant Man of Mr. *Dorsey's*, who it seems had threaten'd such a Thing, and was out of the House himself, with some things belonging to him, when it happened; and at the first Discovery, the House was observed to be on Fire below in several Places at once. On these, and other dark Circumstances, the Servant is apprehended and committed to Jail.

Last Monday, at a middling Tide, the Ship *Winchester*, Capt. *Elias Le Gros*, which drew XIX Feet and 6 Inches Water, left her Moorings in *Severn* River, and went into the Bay; and this Morning weigh'd Anchor, and sailed with a fair Wind for *London*.

A few Days ago, a little Boy in *Queen Anne's* County, happened to fall down a few Steps with a sharp pointed Knife in his Hand, which struck into one Side of his Neck quite up to the Haft, and kill'd him.

In some of the northern Papers, the following Notification is publish'd, and is here reprinted to prevent any Impositions of the kind this way:

Our Readers are desired to beware of Counterfeit mill'd Dollars, of which there are three Sorts now passing, two of them dated 1741, *the other* 1744. *Those of* 1744 *may be distinguished from true Ones by the Word* VTRAQUE, *the R and A being too far asunder, so as to make it look like two distinct Words,* VTR AQUE. *Those of* 1741 *may be known thus; in one Sort the Letter A in* HISPAN. *is much too small for the rest: In the others, the Space where the Dote is placed, is much broader than in the true Ones; and the left Side of the Crown, on the left-hand Pillar, is right under the A in* VTRAQUE; *which, in the true Ones, falls between the R and the A. All of them are well mill'd at the Edges; but the Letters in general not so well made and regular as in the true Ones: They are of base mixed, containing but about Two Shillings and Eight pence Worth of Silver to the rest Copper; and if a little of the Surface, which is finely gilt over, be scraped away, and the Place sullied by rubbing on the short Hair of a Man's Head, its brassy complexion will appear: Placed on the End of a Finger, and struck with a small Key, they all yield a shriller Sound than the true Ones. Several* Germans *are taken up and imprison'd for being concern'd in coining and uttering them, but the principal Workman has made his Escape, and 'tis supposed has carried off his Tools.*

We have this Minute received an Account of the Election in *Somerset* County: Col. *Robert King*, Capt. *Henry Waggaman*, Col. *Robert Jenckins Henry*, and Capt. *Isaac Handy*, are Elected. Capt. *Waggaman* is a new Member in the room of Col. *George Dashiel*, Deceased; the Others are old Members.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all Persons who have any just Claims against the Estate of Mr. *Walter Smith*, late of *Calvert* County, deceased, are desired to bring their Accounts, legally proved, in order to be paid. Likewise all those who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to come and pay their respective Ballances; otherwise they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs.

ALETHEA SMITH.

HOPS, at Fifteen Pence by the single Pound, or at One Shilling by the Half Score or Dozen Pounds, to be Sold in *Annapolis*, by

THOMAS FLEMING.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

By the Subscriber, at his Store in Annapolis, *on Tuesday the* 28th *of this Instant* March, *for Ready Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange,*

A Fine Plantation, called *What you will*, containing 375 Acres of Land, more or less, situate at the Head of *South* River, about four Miles from the Landing Place, and near the Inspecting House which is ordered by Act of Assembly to be erected: There are upon the said Plantation a good Dwelling-House, a good Negro's Quarter-House, a Corn House, a Tobacco House, a good Orchard, *&c.* For further Particulars, enquire of

JAMES DICK.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Major *Thomas Nevett*, deceased, are desired, without further Notice, to pay off their respective Debts; for which Purpose *William Wheland* will attend on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, in every Week, 'til the first Day of *June* next; by which Time it is expected that all those who have any Demands against the said Estate, will bring in their Accounts; and that those who are indebted will make Payment; which will prevent Trouble to themselves, and

Their humble Servant,

SARAH NEVETT, Administratrix.

To be SOLD,

Very reasonably, for Ready Money,

A Good Sloop, Burthen about 25 Tons, ready rigged, fit for the Sea or Bay: She is almost new, has been one Voyage to Sea, and is a very good Sailer.

Likewise a Parcel of Law-Books; a compleat Set of Book-Binder's Tools; also a Billiard-Table, and Furniture. By

SARAH NEVETT.

STrayed from *Baltimore-Town*, sometime last Fall, a large slim Black Horse, paces naturally very well, and has a small Piece taken out of his Ear. Likewise a middle siz'd Sorrel Horse, with a large Blaze, a white Mane and Tail. The Brands of the said Horses are unknown to the Subscriber. Whoever will bring them to *Baltimore Town*, or to *Joppa*, shall receive Twenty Shillings Reward for each.

ROGER BOYCE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons, that the subscriber, living in *Charles* County, near *Pickerawaxon* Church, makes and mends all Sorts of Jeweller's and Silver-smith's Work, mends all sorts of Watches; and engraves all sorts of curious Seals for Watches: And I hereby certify, that I will warrant all Gold and Silver to be good, which is marked with the following Stamps, viz. W H. by

WILLIAM HOWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *King William* County, *Virginia*, about Twelve Months ago, a Servant *Virginia* born Negro Fellow, named *Jack Spurlock*, of a yellowish Complexion, and thin Visage; he is bow-legg'd, and speaks good *English*. He has a Scar on his Face occasioned by a Burn, and large Wheals on his Back. Whoever takes the said Negro, dead or alive, to me, in *King William* County aforesaid, shall receive TWO PISTOLES Reward, besides the Allowance by Law.

THOMAS DANIEL.

ANNE CATHARINE GREEN,

At the POST-OFFICE *in* Annapolis,

SELLS very good CHOCOLATE, at Three Shillings and Six Pence per Pound.

NOTICE is hereby given by the Subscriber, living near *South* River, That any Masters of Ships, or other Persons, may be served with good Staves, immediately, consisting of Pipe, Hogshead, and Barrel; and also Oak-Plank, to be sawed, of any Dimensions, or in any Quantity, agreed for.

RICHARD BEARD.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Subscriber's Plantation, on South *River*,

SUndry choice Negroes, consisting of Men, Women, and Children; some Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, and all Sorts of Plantation Utensils. The Sale will begin on Monday the 10th of *April*.

JOHN LOMAS.

N. B. The said Plantation is to be Let.

March 8, 1749.

CHOICE BOHEA TEA, to be Sold at the Sign of the *Ship* in *Annapolis*, by

ELIZABETH MARRIOTT.

March 8, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Sunday the 5th of this Instant *March*, a Convict Servant Man named *Thomas Bonner*, a Blacksmith by Trade, a tall well-set Fellow, and has a remarkable Bent in one of his Knees: He had on and with him when he went away a Drab Cloth Great-Coat, a blue Cloth close-bodied Coat, a Sailors blue Pea Jacket, and a small Gun; He also took with him a new Yaul, with Mulberry Timbers, painted red within, has a white Streak round the Gunnel, and the Letters S G painted in the Stern; also two Oars, with S G painted on the Blades; and several other Things. Whoever secures the said Servant so as his Master may have him again, shall have Five Pounds Reward; and Twenty Shillings Reward for the Boat.

SAMUEL GALLOWAY.

THE Subscriber has lately received a Letter from *Lyndl Lyde*, Merchant in *London*; wherein he acquaints him with his Intention of sending a Ship to *Maryland*, about *June* next. Any Gentlemen who will favour him with their Consignments, may depend on satisfactory Accounts; and they will thereby greatly oblige

Their very humble Servant,

Patapsco, March 1, 1748 9.

LYDE GOODWIN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *Hercules*, of a short thick Stature, and speaks good *English*: He has with him a likely young grey Mare, branded on the near Side I R. Whoever will take up the said Runaway, shall have a reasonable Reward, besides what the Law allows.

J. ROUSBY.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living at *West* River, in *Anne Arundel* County, on Wednesday the 22d of *February* last, a Negro Man named *Adam*; he is a likely black Fellow, five Feet eight Inches high, about 30 Years of Age, has a small Scar on one of his Cheeks, and speaks very good *English*. He had on and with him when he went away a yellowish Drugget Jacket and Breeches, a Country Cloth Jacket, a white Cotton Jacket and Breeches, two Osnabrigs Shirts, one white ditto, a Castor Hat, pretty much worn, and bound round the Brim with the same, a Pair of white Yarn Stockings, a Pair of grey ditto, a Pair of Negro's Shoes, and a Pair of Country-made Fall Shoes. Whoever takes up the said Runaway, and delivers him to me, shall have Three Pounds Reward, of the Currency where taken, besides what the Law allows.

ZACHARIAH MACCUBBIN, *Senior*.

This is to give NOTICE,

THat all Persons who have any Demands on the Estate of *James Barnes*, late of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts legally proved, in order that they may be adjusted.

And all Persons who are indebted to the said Estate, are hereby desired to pay their respective Ballances, and prevent further Trouble. — ELIZABETH BARNES, Administratrix.

THOSE Inspectors, who agreed with the Subscriber for Inspectors Notes, and Books, and are not yet supplied, may have them for sending or calling for. Any others may likewise have them on the Terms already published.

JONAS GREEN.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship OGLE, John Brown *Commander, now lying in* Severn *River*,

A Quantity of FINE SALT, to be Sold cheap, by Wholesale or Retale; and if any Gentleman inclines to purchase one Thousand Bushels, or more, and will take it from the Ship's Side, in *Severn* River, before the Middle of *March*, he shall have it at Two Shillings Currency per Bushel, or in Sterling, at the current Exchange to that Value: Also choice good Old *Madeira* Wine, to be Sold, by the Pipe or Quarter-Cask, by

GEORGE STEUART.

IF *James Witherspoon* be living, he may hear of something greatly to his Advantage, by enquiring of *Jonas Green*, Printer in *Annapolis*.

He came from *Glasgow*, and resided Five Years with Mr. *John Parnham*, then Merchant in *Charles* County, and has been from thence about ten Years. If any Body can give an Account of him, their Information will be thankfully received.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 25th of *December* last, a Mulatto Slave, named *Dan*, much the Colour of an *Indian*, is a lusty Fellow, about 25 Years of Age, and is supposed to be gone towards *Virginia*: He took with him a large Chesnut-colour'd Mare, paces pretty well, has a crooked Blaze in her Forehead, and is branded on the near Buttock CE, the C joining to the Top and Bottom of the E: He also took an old Saddle and Bridle, sundry Country-made Linsey Woolsy Cloaths, and a Gun. Whoever apprehends the said Slave, and brings him to his Master, living near the Great Falls of *Potowmack*, in *Prince George's* County, *Maryland*, shall have SIX PISTOLES, if taken in *Maryland*; TEN, if taken in *Pensylvania*; EIGHT, if taken between *Potowmack* and *Rapahannock*; TWELVE, if taken between *Rappahannock* and *James* River; SIXTEEN, if taken between *James* River and *Roanoak*; and TWENTY PISTOLES Reward, if taken in *Carolina*. Paid by

CORNELIUS ELTINGE.

ANY of the Inspecting Houses, which are not yet furnished with Weights; or any Merchants, or others, wanting Weights; may be supplied therewith, at the *Patuxent* Iron-Works, at reasonable Rates, by RICHARD SKOWDEN.

THE Commissioners of the Paper Currency Office hereby give Notice, that they will attend every Day at the said Office (except Sundays), to take in old Paper Money, 'til the middle of *November*; and from thence 'til *Christmas*, on every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday; and after *Christmas*, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, in every Week. Signed by Order of the Commissioners,

Novemb. 2, 1748. RICHARD DORSEY, Clerk.

TO BE SOLD,

By the Subscriber, for Paper Money, or Tobacco,

A Good Tract of Land, containing about 480 Acres, lying on the Waggon-Road near *Seneca* Bridge, convenient for inland Trade, or any public Business. It consists of two Plantations; on one of which is a good new Dwelling-House, 52 Feet long, with three Stone Chimneys, plank'd above and below, with two Rooms seal'd with Plank; a Milk-house, Meat-house, Corn-house, Stable, Barn, a good Well, and an Orchard planted with about 300 Trees; about 50 Acres of the Land is under Fence, clear'd, and fit for plowing, with a great deal of rich Bottom, and 4 or 5 Acres of Meadow Ground. The other Plantation contains about 30 Acres of clear'd Ground, with a Dwelling-House 20 Feet by 16, and a 30 Feet Tobacco-house. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may view the Premises, and know the Price, by applying to the Printer hereof, or HENRY CRAMPHIN.

The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Cattle, Horses, Hogs, Sheep, Corn, Fodder, &c. by the said *Cramphin*.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, POST-MASTER, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in *Charles-Street*; where Advertisements are taken in, and all Persons may be supplied with this Paper.